

U. S. WEATHER BU.  
REAU, FEB. 10 --Last 24  
hours' rainfall, .01 Tem-  
perature, max. 76; min.  
70. Weather, fair to cloudy.

# Sunday Advertiser.

SUGAR—96° Test Cen-  
trifugals, 3.36c; Per Ton,  
\$67.20. 88 Analysis Beets  
8c; Per Ton, \$74.20.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1906.—TWELVE PAGES.

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## YIELDS PLACE TO ATKINSON



ACTING GOVERNOR A. L. C. ATKINSON.

### Carter Steps Aside on the Doctor's Order and Secretary Is Now Acting Governor of Territory.

Hon. E. A. Hitchcock, Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D. C.

Sir: The duty falls upon me to inform you that, acting under the advice of his physician, the Governor will temporarily refrain from attending the duties of his office. During his disability it will be my duty to assume and perform the functions of the Governor, under the provisions of Section 70 of "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii." No serious consequences are anticipated from the present illness of Mr. Carter, as you will observe from the letter of his physician, a copy of which I enclose. I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant.

(Signed) A. L. C. ATKINSON,  
Acting Governor of Hawaii.

JACK ON THE LID.

In that letter notifying the Secretary of the Interior that he has taken over the duties of the Governor's office in addition to his own, Secretary Atkinson yesterday climbed up on the lid, officially. The document which made the transfer effective was signed late in the afternoon. Before it went the passage of the necessary official notifications attendant upon the change in authority, and as has been known all along, Governor Carter made no difficulty whatever about the relinquishment of responsibility when the time came for him, under the doctor's orders, to act. The official correspondence begins with the following letter from Dr. Judd, the Governor's attending physician, to Secretary Atkinson:

#### THE DOCTOR'S CERTIFICATE.

Honolulu, Hawaii, Feb. 10, 1906.  
Honorable A. L. C. Atkinson, Secretary of Hawaii, Honolulu.

Dear Sir: On January 14, 1906, Governor Carter was taken sick with influenza. His condition was quite serious for two weeks. He is now convalescent, but much weakened by his illness. I consider it necessary that the Governor should take a trip away from the islands and remain away from his duties until his health is fully restored. Very truly yours,

(Signed) JAMES R. JUDD, M. D.

#### CARTER SIGNS.

Following the delivery of this, Governor Carter signed the letter that follows, and which had already been prepared for his signature. This letter, indeed, had been prepared some days ago, and an effort was made to get the Governor to affix his signature to it on Thursday, but he would not sign that time for two very good reasons. The Secretary had not then reached Honolulu, and Governor Carter wisely decided that it would not do to take a chance at an interregnum even for a day. Also, the bond trans-

action had not been closed up by the signing of the final papers, and as the Governor had begun this deal he realized that it would be much better on all accounts for him to finish it. The record would then be clear, and the money would be forthcoming at the times needed. The Governor's letter follows:

February 10, 1906.  
Hon. A. L. C. Atkinson, Secretary of Hawaii, Honolulu, Oahu.

Sir: Finding that the condition of my health does not for the present permit satisfactory performance of my official duties, and being advised by my physician that a period of rest with a complete relief from work is imperative for the restoration of my proper physical condition, I request you to assume the powers and duties of my official position until such time as I may be able to resume them.

I enclose for your information a copy of a letter from Dr. J. R. Judd which bears upon the subject. Very respectfully,

(Signed) G. R. CARTER,  
Governor of Hawaii.

At once upon the receipt of this communication, Secretary Atkinson issued the following official notice to the public:

#### EXECUTIVE NOTICE.

The Governor, acting under the advice of his physician, will temporarily refrain from performing the duties of his office. During the disability of the Governor, the Secretary of Hawaii will act as Governor from this date.

A. L. C. ATKINSON,  
Secretary of Hawaii.  
Executive Building, Honolulu, February 10, 1906.

#### TRANSACTION COMPLETED.

The transfer of authority took place at the Carter residence, on Judd street. Immediately after the Governor had handed his letter to the Secretary, Mr. Atkinson had his letter to Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock prepared, although it was not signed and the transfer completed until late in the afternoon.

Governor Carter, who is rallying very slowly from this illness, is relieved of the cares of state, and will have abundant leisure to plan the trip that is expected to be the means of restoring him completely to health. It is thought that the New Zealand voyage will be chosen, as that would be new and interesting country and there would be freedom there from any touch with affairs at home. However, it will be a matter of some weeks yet before the Governor can go anywhere. It was said yesterday that his own

(Continued on Page 2.)

## HAMILTON ON CRATER OF KILAUEA

"I am convinced that you have a world in the formative state here," said Bishop John W. Hamilton, of the Methodist church, speaking of his recent trip to Kilauea, and of the effect made upon him by the volcano. "But that crater is dying. I do not claim any scientific knowledge concerning such matters, remember. I speak merely as an ordinary observer. But I think, unless you can secure another outbreak somewhere pretty soon, you will have to get a new attraction if you want to number live volcanoes among the things that draw visitors here."

"I was not at all disappointed in my visit to Kilauea. I found, in effect, what I had expected to find. And I found more because there were some phenomena noted during my visit to the crater that were out of the ordinary. I had not expected to see, at Kilauea, a great explosive cone throwing out fire and rock, as Vesuvius does. On the contrary, I had looked for a deep pit, quiet so far as explosive effect was concerned, but not the less majestic and impressive upon that account. I am a lover of nature, whether in her awesome moods or in merely esthetic dress, and I take off my hat to her."

"I had had a long trip before seeing the volcano, and had long trips afterwards, and the sea voyage to Hilo was rough. You see, I traveled many miles overland visiting the various plantations, my object being to seek out the Japanese and Koreans and explain to them the purpose of our church in these islands. I found them everywhere intensely interested."

#### HILO TIDAL WAVE.

"On the very night that we reached Hilo, after having made a very rough landing, some people came running in to the hotel just as we had finished dinner and told us that there had been a tidal wave, and that the Japanese fishermen were leaving their houses and fleeing to the higher ground, and that the water had gone out of the

(Continued on Page 2.)

## SMITH MAKES FRIENDS FOR HAWAII

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 29.—Secretary A. L. C. Atkinson left here yesterday for Honolulu, in response to cablegrams asking him to return at once because of Governor Carter's serious illness. Hon. W. O. Smith, after devoting the past week to preparations for the hearings on the refunding bill, goes to Boston for a few days, prior to the coming next Saturday of the delegation, now in San Francisco. As already announced by cable, President Roosevelt has decided to reappoint Circuit Judge Robinson. The Philippine tariff bill is still before the Senate committee, with every prospect that it will be reported, if at all, by a very narrow vote and that it will encounter serious obstacles in the Senate. These are the brief outlines of the last week's Hawaiian news in Washington.

Mr. Atkinson, who will travel on the same steamer that carries this letter, stated before leaving that he regretted very much having to abandon the work he came on here to do, especially the trip to Portugal, for which he had been given strong letters by President Roosevelt and Secretary Root. Mr. W. O. Smith said today that he regarded it as very unfortunate that Mr. Atkinson should have to abandon that task at this stage. He had everything ready for the trip to Europe, after the many delays which always attend preparations for an undertaking of that character. Everybody here, however, recognizes the need of Mr. Atkinson returning to Honolulu but at the same time hopes for the speedy recovery of Governor Carter. The news of his serious illness was received with many expressions of sympathy. Governor Carter has many friends in Washington who follow his career closely.

#### W. O. SMITH TALKS.

Mr. Smith talked entertainingly today of the situation here with reference to Hawaiian affairs. He has seen many friends of the territory since arriving in Washington. The interest shown

(Continued on Page 2.)

## REDMOND IS TO LEAD IRISH IN PARLIAMENT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAM.)

DUBLIN, February 11.—Redmond has been re-elected leader of the Irish party in Parliament.



JOHN E. REDMOND.

John Redmond, who has represented Waterford in the English Parliament since 1891, was the trusted leader of his party in the last Parliament, and by his election will continue to lead the forces fighting for Home Rule. It is possible, under the Liberal government, that he may be able to get more for his country than has ever been secured yet. Ireland has never been so close to home rule in any form as she was when the late Mr. Gladstone held his last lease of power.

(Continued on Page 2.)

## TRIBESMEN IN THIBET RISE



COLONEL F. E. YOUNGHUSBAND, WHO LED THE BRITISH EXPEDITION INTO THIBET.

### It Will Be Necessary to Send Relief to British Garrison Left in the Lama's Country.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

LONDON, February 11.—It is reported that the British garrison left in Thibet is surrounded by hostile tribesmen. A relief expedition will be necessary.

While Russia was engaged in a death grapple with Japan Lord Curzon, then Viceroy of India, conceived the idea that it would be a good time to strengthen the British Indian frontier by the acquisition of a hold upon the quaint land of Thibet, where Russian emissaries had long been active. An armed expedition, under Colonel F. E. Younghusband, was therefore dispatched into the country, its commander being especially fitted for the task because of his exploration of the Pamirs, "the roof of the world."

Thibet is the religious center of the Buddhist world, and was under the suzerainty of China—a distant dependence and held much as a matter of form. It had been the center of Russian, and possibly of British intrigue, but before the dispatch of the British expedition has been respected as to military invasion. China was in no condition to resist the British advance—which possibly had, moreover, the tacit approval of Japan. But the Thibetans themselves resisted to the very gates of Lhasa, the sacred city of the Dalai Lama.

The British pressed on, however, losing many men, and have held a garrison in the country ever since. Perhaps the present outbreak is a manifestation of that hostility to Europeans believed to exist even in the most remote parts of China. Possibly, indeed, it is inspired from Peking itself.

## PRESIDENT LOUBET GIVES CABINET FAREWELL DINNER

PARIS, February 11.—President Loubet gave a farewell dinner to the members of the Cabinet last night.

In laying down the reins of power in France, M. Loubet leaves republican institutions that are vastly more stable for his term of office. It is not that the French President is an executive possessing great power. As a matter of fact, France is ruled by the Chamber of Deputies through a Ministry responsible to Parliament. But one President of France ever tried to use the veto power given him by the Constitution, and for that one use MacMahon forfeited his place.

But M. Loubet, slow, bourgeois, conservative, has made a good figurehead and has stood for France creditably in the eyes of the world. He is one of the people of an adaptable race, and so has talked with kings and held his own. The man who will succeed him, M. Fallieres, is a man of the same class and may be expected to meet with the same success in the Presidency—if the strain of foreign war does not come.



## A FRENCH SHIP'S CREW MUTINIES AND DESERTS

SEATTLE, February 11.—The sailors of the French ship Amiral Courbet have mutinied and deserted the vessel, claiming that she is insufficiently ballasted and therefore unfit for sea.

The French bark Amiral Courbet, Charrier master, was consigned from France to Balfour, Guthrie & Co., San Francisco, and was sent to Puget Sound on January 24 to load for Europe. She is a vessel of 1908 tons.

## FOURTH FRENCH CRUISER ORDERED TO VENEZUELA

TOULON, February 11.—The cruiser Duchaila has been ordered in readiness to sail for Venezuela.

This will make the fourth French warship sent to the waters of President Castro's country. Evidently the European republic takes very seriously the threats of war made by the Venezuela government—and will meet the crisis as seriously.